MERS-CoV Nucleocapsid protein (His Tag)

Catalog Number: 40068-V08B

General Information

Gene Name Synonym:
coronavirus NP; coronavirus Nucleocapsid; coronavirus Nucleoprotein; cov np; ncov NP; novel coronavirus Nucleoprotein; NP; Nucleocapsid; Nucleoprotein

Protein Construction:
A DNA sequence encoding the MERS-CoV Nucleocapsid (AFS88943.1) (Met1-Asp413) was fused with a polyhistidine tag at the C-terminus.

Source: MERS-CoV

Expression Host: Baculovirus-Insect Cells

QC Testing

Purity: > 90 % as determined by SDS-PAGE

Endotoxin:
< 1.0 EU per μg of the protein as determined by the LAL method

Predicted N terminal: Met 1

Molecular Mass:
The recombinant Nucleocapsid MERS-CoV comprises 424 amino acids and has a predicted molecular mass of 46.51 kDa.

Formulation:
Lyophilized from sterile 20mM Tris, 500mM NaCl, 10% gly, pH 8.0.

Normally 5% - 8% trehalose, mannitol and 0.01% Tween80 are added as protectants before lyophilization. Specific concentrations are included in the hardcopy of COA. Please contact us for any concerns or special requirements.

Usage Guide

Stability & Storage:
Samples are stable for twelve months from date of receipt at -20°C to -80°C.

Store it under sterile conditions at -20°C to -80°C upon receiving. Recommend to aliquot the protein into smaller quantities for optimal storage.

Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

Reconstitution:
Detailed reconstitution instructions are sent along with the products.

SDS-PAGE:

Protein Description

Coronaviruses are enveloped viruses with a positive-sense RNA genome and with a nucleocapsid of helical symmetry. Coronavirus nucleoproteins localize to the cytoplasm and the nucleolus, a subnuclear structure, in both virus-infected primary cells and in cells transfected with plasmids that express N protein. Coronavirus N protein is required for coronavirus RNA synthesis, and has RNA chaperone activity that may be involved in template switch. Nucleocapsid protein is a most abundant protein of coronavirus. During virion assembly, N protein binds to viral RNA and leads to formation of the helical nucleocapsid. Nucleocapsid protein is a highly immunogenic phosphoprotein also implicated in viral genome replication and in modulating cell signaling pathways. Because of the conservation of N protein sequence and its strong immunogenicity, the N protein of coronavirus is chosen as a diagnostic tool.

References